Generally Fair. Colder in the Evening. Northwesterly Winds.

The



Times

235,240 was the TIMES' circulation for last waek.

The STAR'S circulation 102,179 for last week was . . . 102,179

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THREE CENTS.

SIXTEEN PAGES OF NEWS EVERY 12 HOURS, 50 CTS. A MONTH

SALISBURY'S TART REPLY

If London Gossip Be Not at Fault

and Foreign Embassics Would Not Be Surprised at Attack If the Sultan Were Threatened With Deposition. British Embassy a Fortress.

London, Dec. 7 .- In accordance with unvarying precedent, the reply of Prime Min-ter Salisbury to the note of Hon Richard Oney, the American Secretary of State, on the Venezuelan dispute will not be issued by the foreign office until it is

presented to Parliament.

It will be a surprise to every one if Lord Salisbury in his reply bas not firmly declined to admit the right of the United States to interfere in the dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela, especially to insist that the whole case shall be sub-

to insist that the whole case shall be as mitted to arbitration.

The English public takes small interest in the dispute or the attitude of the United Eates on the matter. Not the remotest reference to the subject has been made on the pointical platform during the period that the prime minister has been wrestthe prime minister has been wrest-with Mr. Olney's note and the reply

The comments in the press alone Indi-cate the line of British opinion, which, acording to the newspapers, is unmi-mously against any arbitration concern-ing the territory within the Schomburgh

NO RIGHT TO INTERFERE.

The Statist says: "Neither for its own sake nor ours is it expedient for the United States Government to put forward a claim as of right to dictate how we shall conduct it dispute with another country relative to territory that has long been held by the British. "The United States government is entitled

to offer its good offices, but there is a wide distinction between these and inter wide distinction between these and inter-vention based on the ground that the United States has the right to forbid any government in the world to enlarge the area under its jurisdiction in any part of the American continent. "Still there is no occasion for heroics. The bit of territory in dispute is of small value, while good relations with the United States are of the highest value to us and civilization."

The Spectator says: "President Cleve-The Spectator says: "President Cleve-lam anaever's Great Brazas in the tone of a master in hydrog down principles so absolutely. His sentences read as if Great Britain had been ordered to choose artistration or war. Negotiations will not be carried on in that tone unless the President and the American people are seeking war, a crime of which we would not even mentally accuse them." The Economist, treating of the same sub-ject, declares that Mr. Cleveland's words mean that Great Britain mest not defend what she considers her own soil against

mean that Great Britain must not defend what she considers her own seil against any Spanish-American State, under penalty of the United States declaring war.

"It is impossible for Lord Salisbury to yield to such pretensions, yet it is more difficult for him to deal with them so as to avoid exasperating American feeling. His only sensible course is to repudiate seeking for any extension of territory and do nothing, leaving on Venezuela or the United States the responsibility for aggression.

All of these supposed leaders of highclass opinion in England make the usual n place references to the American fluencing the utterances of those in

ing the massacres at Anatolia the Spectator says it hopes the foreign committee of the American Senate will procure the publication of Minister Terrell's dispatches. as

It is quite clear that he has not minced mat-ters in reporting to his government. By agreement between the powers the official details of the messacres are mean-while withbeld, as their publication would endanger the safety of the consuls, and even

the ambassadors.

It is held to be possible that the sultan, if It is held to be possible that the sultan, if his deposition were imminent, might permit or incite an attack on the embassies.

During the revolution that resulted in the dethronement of Abdul Aziz, the Prossian Ambiassador filled the precincts of the embassy with Montenegrius. The Austrian embassy was guarded by hundreds of Croats, and the French embassy by marines. The British embassy is by far the strongest of any embassy is to far the strongest of any embassy is to constantinople and is best adapted for defence against sudden attack. It stands in its own specious

best adapted for defence against sudden uttack. It stands in its own spacious grounds overlooking the Golden Horn.

Its one entrance is flanked by massive structures in which geards are constantly on duty. A strong and solidly built fron fence ten feet high surrounds all the grounds. Report has it that its internal armannet includes several cannon.

Sir Henry Elliott, the British Ambassador at the time of the deposition of Abdul Aziz deemed the security of the embassy so complete that he took none of the extra so complete that he took none of the extra precautions adopted by other ambassadors.

NEW LONDON SUNDAY. A new phase of fashionable functions on Sunday, which is rapidly obtaining

on Sunday, which is rapidly obtaining acceptance, is dinner parties at public restaurants.

People high in society now begin Sunday with a church parade in the forenson. In the afternoon they go to the rinks or visit the botanic or zoological gardens, and in the evening dine in public.

A fashionable restaurant recently had at different tables in its dining hall Lord Cairns and his party and Count Mersduff, the

and his party and Count Mensdorff, the fiance of Princess Victoria of Schleswig-

These were encircled by a number of other aristocrats, including Sir Frederick and Lady Milner, Lord and Lady Minto and Sir Horace and Lady Farquhar, all of whom were accompanied by parties. The fushion does not exclude an odd mixture of reputable and doubtful persons. Bir Matthew White Ridley, the home sec-

sir another white times, the none server retary, has undertaken to reconsider the case of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the American woman who is undergoing life imprisonment on conviction of having some years ago poisoned her husband, a well-known Liver-

pool merchant.

Mrs. Maybrick's friends are hopeful that. Bir Matthew will find grounds to release

SPANISH TROOPS ARRIVE.

Two Battelions Reach the Port of Havana, Dec. 7.—The steamer Montevideo arrived here from Spain this morning, bringing two battellons of troops to reenforce the Spanish army in Cuba.

The soldiers were received with great enthusiasm by the populace.

The city was profusely decreated with flags and the streets were thronged with people, who cheered heartly as the troops disembarked and marched to their quarters.

Turfman Expelled. Chicago, Dec. 7.—The board of appeals of the American Trotting Association render-ed its final decisions today, and adjourned to the spring session. The only case of general interest was that of the expulsion of J. B. Chandler, of Wichita, Kas. In November, 1894, Chandler, who had control of the mare Ophelia, had her entered in the 2:15 pace at Houston, Tex., by Mr. Mattice, Chandler in his own name, entering Russell V.

His Head Blown Off. Wilkesbarre, Pa., Dec. 7.—Ex-County Com-missioner Samuel Lines, one of the best known residents of this city, met with a distressing death resterday. He had been out hunting, and while waiting in the depot at Hanover for a train his loaded gun was accidentally discharged, and the top of his head was blown off. He was sixtythree years of age, and leaves a family.

Special Sale. English cordurey vests, all colors, single and double breasted; sold everywhere at FORTH'S, 621 Pennsylvania avenue north-

KOELLER WAS TOO HASTY

Engaged in a Socialist Hunt Without Asking Von Hohenlohe.

PUTTK MER MAY SUCCEED

The Minister of the Interior Still Ropes to Be Retained in Office and Radicals and Socialists Are Indifferent, as Puttkamer Would Be

Berlin, Dec. 7.-Herr Von Koeller, Prusesian Minister of the Interior, still remains nominally on leave of absence, and the changes which may ensue as the result of his definite dismissal, if such action shall finally be taken, will consequently continue in suspense until the return of the emperor from his hunting trip in Hanover next

The conservatives are taking heart over the emperor's postponement of his de-cision in the matter which leads them to hope that Herr Von Koeller will be retained in office; but forestailing the event of his failure to hold on to his post they are doing everything possible to influence the Kaiser to select Herr Von Pattkamer, who was Prussian Minister of the Interior under the regime of Prince Bismarck as

while he was in the ministry of the in-terior, Herr Von Puttkamer gave ample proofs of his energy in taking repressive measures against the socialists and Fre-taining alike, so that if Von Koeller cannot be retained in office the conservatives are hopeful that his crusade against socialism may be continued by Von Puttkamer, though it must necessarily be greatly modi-

THERE ARE OTHERS.

Herr Von Puttkamer, who is now Prefect of Pommerania, is, however, one among quite a number of available men who have been mentioned for the post. Herr Heyde-brand, Provincial Prefect of Breslau, Herr Von Studt, Prefect of Westphalia; and Herr Bennigsen, Prefect of Hanover; are also prominently mentioned and each has

a strong following who are working hard in the interests of their candidates. The chief offense of Herr Von Koeller towards his colleagues was that acting in accordance with the spirit of the emperor. he attacked the socialists without having consulted the other members of the Cabinet. The Hamburg Correspondens asserts that Chancetler Von Hohenlohe first heard of the suppression of the socialist union, from seeing an account of that action in the newspapers, and it is also certain that You Roeller's Independent action was highly displeasing to Dr. Von Beetticher, Imperial Secretary of State for the Interior, and Baron Marschall Von Bieterstein, minister of foreign affairs, who secured the aupport of Prince Hoberlohe and Gen. Bronsart Von

Schellendorf, minister of war, in urging the emperor to dismiss Von Koeller.

The consequence of this was that on the same day that Dr. Von Lucanus, chief of the Imperial Privy Cabinet, reported to the emperor the complaints made against Von Koeller by his colleagues in the ministry. VonKoellersoughtand obtained an audience with the emperor, of whom he asked to be granted leave of absence until his successor-should be found or the existing differences

could be arranged. RADICAL PROGRAM.

The Richter Radicals have presented to the Reichstag an urgency resolution which demands that all Germans without previously obtaining permission of the authorities may form associations provided they are unarmed and that such associations shall be free to hold meetings and enter into rela-tions with each other for a common purpose.

The anti-Semitic group in the Reichstag have laid upon the table of the chamber a proposal to forbid the free immigration of



What Will the Outcome Be?

Jews, and for the adoption of regulations, under which their expulsion may be ac-complished.

They also laid upon the table Rector Abiwardt's formal demand for a leave of absence from the Reichstag, for the purpose of visiting the United States. President Cleveland's reference to Samoa in his recent message to Congress, which

is taken to indicate a desire on the part of America to withdraw from the triple ar-rangement existing between the United States, Germany and Great Britain, has led

States, Germany and Great Britain, has led that Germany assume an exclusive protectorate over these islands.

In the event of the United States abandoning Samoa and transferring her rights to Germany, the desire of the Colonial party will be likely to be gratified, as England will be compelled to acquiesce in the arrangement.

In the arrangement.

The Colonial party have made this 8 amoan matter a strong factor toward the avoidance of a tariff war between Germany and the United States.

VISIT OF MARLBOROUGH. The Duke and Duchess of Mariborough are to come here after the termination of their sojourn in Nice and Dresden. Great interest is being taken in the highest circles

in their proposed visit.

Baron Reis-hach, the court murshal to
the ex-Empress Prederick, who was sentenced to imprisonment in a fortress last auminet for his connection with the duel lought between Liebers ht Von Kostze, formerly chamberlain of the imperial house held, and Baron Von Schrider, has been released and pardoned by the emperor at

Baron Reischach returned to Berlin to-day and was cordially recomed by a crowd of officers at the ras way station. Herr Adolph Menzel, tos celebrated painter, celebrated his eight leth birthday painter, createst as a significant parameter are reacted as grand fete and banquet in his bonor to take place next Wednesday. The academy is now exhibiting a collection of Menzel's pistures. On Saturday Herr Menzel will receive the academicians

and delegates of the guilds, who will pre-sent their congratulations. In the evening there will be a performance at Kroll's Theater, at which the emperor will be present, when the academy will bestow a gold medal upon Menzel as a souvenir of his birthday.

Cleaver and Carver. Oitawa, Ill., Dec. 7.-William and Jake Margulis, partners in the fish and fruit

cleaver and carving knife at their place of business here this morning. Both men were cut terribly, and Jake is dying. After the fight the sheriff closed their store on

MARYLAND DAY.

It Was Glorious and Second Only to South Carolina.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 7.—Maryland has sur-passed all other States, South Carolina excepted, in her representation at the exposition. The military exceeds in numbers the displays of any other two States combined, with the exception named. Chicago and New York days, brilliant as they

were are excelled by Baltimoreans.

The parade of 1,400 military was imposing. The line comprised the Fifth and Fourth Regiments, Company B. First Regiment, Capt. Fisher, commanding; First Naval Battalion, Commander Emerson; the Gate City Guard of Atlanta, Brig. Gen. Stewart, commanding.

Stewart, commanding.

Col. Frank Markoe commanded the
Fifth Regiment and Col. Willard Howard the Fourth. The column marched down Whitehall to Alabama, to Broad, to Mart-etta, to Peachtree and through to the exposition grounds, escorting Gov. Brown and his staff. The bands played "Maryland," "Dixle,"

and other Southern airs, while thousands along the streets cheered the soldiers continuously.

Gov. Brown reviewed the column from
the stand in front of the Pennsylvania building.

INSTITUTE BURNED.

Buildings of the Chamberlain School in New York Destroyed.

Randolph, N. Y., Dec. 7.—While students of Chamberlain Institute were at supper in the brick boarding hall at 6:30 o'clock this

the brick boarding hall at 6:30 o'clock this evening, fire was discovered in the cupola of the main building.

A high wind gave the flames such headway that the fire department, which was on the scene in five minutes, was powerless. The flames communicated with the chapel and all burned to the ground.

Chamberlain Institute was creeted in 1848 and has been a preparatory school for hundreds of western New York and Pennsylvania men and women.

sylvania men and women The institute was under the management of the M. E. conference, with Prof. E. A. Buttop as president.

Ivy Inst. Bus. College, 8th and K nw., let-ter writing, any business subject. \$ 1a mo.

He Is the Revenue Officer Who Eloped With an Actress.

His Withdrawal Was Promptly Accepted and the Whole Affair Will Be Thoroughly Investigated.

Lieut. Chester M. White of the revenue cutter service has again tendered his resignation and Secretary Carlisic has

Licut. White some weeks ago resigned and then withdrew his resignation and was ordered to duty on the Boston, Mass., station. He served with Capt. Healy on the Bear in the Arctic Ocean last summer and was one of the thirty officers who made coarges affecting the conduct of Capt. Healy. These charges have not yet been formulated and officially presented, but it is understood they will be.

but it is understood they will be.

The delay in presenting them is causing some unfavorable comment at the Treasury and unless they are soon presented, after the publicity which has been given them through the press, it is highly probable that the officers prominent in making them will be brought before a court of in-

Lieut. White in the meantime has been charged with cloping with a chorus girl from San Francisco, deserting a sick wife there, and his second resignation was tendered since that alleged fact was made public. The scandals attaching to the whole affair has caused the Treasury of-ficials much annoyance and it is certain that there will be a thorough investigation.

WRECKED IN THE GALE.

Only Two of the Crew of the Bark Libertas Saved. Libertas Saved.
London, Dec. 7.—The German bark, Libertas, was wrecked off Caliantsoog, Holiand, inst evening by the heavy gaie that has prevailed throughout Northern Europe for several days.
Only two of the bark's crew were saved. Four bodies from the wreck have been washed ashore.

New York, Dec. 7.—A policeman while patrolling Fifty-first street about midnight last night saw a man lying dead on the stoop of No. 244. From memoranda and cards in his clothing the man is thought to be Better J. Campbell, a painter of Meadwille, Pa. He also had the card of F. Betchel, 74 Smithfield street, Pittsburg, in his backet. Leopold and Salisbury Confer.

London, Dec. 7.—King Leopoid of Beigium is having a conference with Lord Salisbury in London this afternoon concerning the ex-ecution of the British trader Stockes, who was hanged in the Congo country by order of Capt. Lothaire, a Beigium officer.

Death of a Daughter of Neal Dow. Lineaster, N. H., Dec. 7.—Mrs. Louise Dow Benton, widow of ex-Congressman Ja-cob Benton, and daughter of Gen. Neal Dow, of Portland, Me., used at her bone here this morning, from the effects of an opera-tion for the removal of a cancer. Mrs. Ben-ton was 62 years of age.

New Chinese Railroad. Pekin, Dec. 7.—An imperial edict has been issued ordering the construction of a double-track railway between Fekin and Tien Trin, a distance of seventy-two miles. The rails used will weigh eighty-five pounds to the yard, and the cost of construction will be 3,000,000 tacks—about \$3,000,000.

The Like Has Never Been Attempted Before.

Before.

The wonderful success of the factory sale of clothing at Dyrenforth's is the talk of the town.

Speci's Old Port Grape Wine from his Oporto Grape Vineyards, at Passaic, N. J., his Socialite Garet, vin. 1881, and his luscious Burgundy stand unrivalled by any

LIEUT. WHITE HAS RESIGNED SEVEN CITIES BIDDING

Contest Is on for the Republican Convention.

MONEY IS OFFERED

Tuesday Next the National Committee Will Decide the Fight-Big Lobbies Are Here From All the Candidates and Washington Will Work to Get the Honor.

Seven cities will contest for the bonor of entertaining within their limits the national Republican convention of 1896. The prize will be awarded by the national committee at its meeting in the Arnogion Hetel in this city next Tuesday. A preliminary meeting of the executive committee or the national committee

be held Monday night, at which the details of Tursday's sessions will be arranged. Besides selecting a convention city the committee will have to dispose of the resolotion introduced by Henry C. Payne of Wisconsin and seconded by W. M. Hahn of Ohio for a change in the basis of representation in the convention, from the arnitrary one new existing to one proportioned to the Republican vote cast for President at the last preceding election.

It has been discussed in the committee and no action these. It has been discussed in the committee and no action taken. It is likely that it will be reierred by the committee to the convention without recommendation. The candidates for designation as the convention city are San Francisco, Salt Laka Minneapolis, Chicago, St. Louis, Pitts burg and New York.

IN A RECEPTION MOOD

Washington, while not a candidate in the sense that the others are, will hold itself in a reception mood, to take the honor in case the community made it neces-sary thereby to escape a deadbock. That the committee may not altogether overlook this fact a committee of the Board of Trade and other prominent citizens will attend the meeting of the national com-

San Francisco is most in evidence in the preliminaries to the contest. The movement to take the convention to that city was actively begun several weeks ago, and has been managed with much

activity and ability.

The Pacific coast city has several serious objections to overcome—chief among these are the allegations that the telegraph service would be insufficient; that the difference of three hears time between the Pacific and Atlantic coasts would interfere with satisfactory service to the Eastern newspapers, and the great expenditure of time and money necessary to make the trip from cls-Missouri points.

A committee was appointed to come to activity and ability.

Continued on Second Page.

"Stands on Its Own Merita." The other day a group of ladies were dis-cussing the merits of various bakertes, and one of them remarked to the other: "I always insist upon having Chas. Schneider's bread, and never take a sub-stitute. I think it the best bread on the

market today. I never dream of doing baking at home."

This is the testimony of thousands who are using the product of this popular bakery—413 and 415 I street northwest.

one trial is convincing proof of its ex-cellence. It stands on its own merits.

Just now, that the heliday season is approaching, and preparations for coming festivities are in order, it is quite an item to be able to do away with baking at home, and at the same time to be sure of good bread. Chas. Schneider's bread is adjudged by

all to be equal, and by some, to be superior, to the home-made article. For sale by all grocers. Look out for the red, white and blue label.

HOUSEWIFE.

SALE of Men's Sack and Cutaway Suits begins Tomorrow morning. They are our own sterling \$10, \$12, and \$14 qualities. Plain Blue and Black, and Neat Mixtures, in Cassimeres, Tweeds, and Cheviots. All Sizes. Be on hand early. It will pay you.

ROBINSON, CHERY& CO., 12TH AND F STS. N. W.